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**GLOBAL GREEN ECONOMY: IS ONE OF THE PRESSING
PROBLEMS IN THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD TODAY
FOR MAKING THE ECOLOGICAL STABILITY**

***Abstract.** This article focuses on the transition to a green economy, which is one of the problems facing the countries of the world in today's globalization. The most important threats in the world are environmental threats. Aspects related to finding the best way to prevent these environmental threats by transitioning to a green economy in the country are highlighted.*

***Key words:** ecology, environmental protection, ecological crisis, ecological threat, modern technology, ecological economy and green economy.*

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**ГЛОБАЛЬНАЯ ЗЕЛЕНАЯ ЭКОНОМИКА: ЯВЛЯЕТСЯ
ОДНОЙ ИЗ АКТУАЛЬНЫХ ПРОБЛЕМ В СТРАНАХ МИРА**

СЕГОДНЯ ДЛЯ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ЭКОЛОГИЧЕСКОЙ УСТОЙЧИВОСТИ

Аннотация. В данной статье рассматривается переход к зеленой экономике, которая является одной из проблем, стоящих перед странами мира в условиях сегодняшней глобализации. Наиболее важными угрозами в мире являются экологические угрозы. Освещены аспекты, связанные с поиском наилучшего способа предотвращения этих экологических угроз путем перехода к зеленой экономике в стране.

Ключевые слова: экология, охрана окружающей среды, экологический кризис, экологическая угроза, современные технологии, экологическая экономика и зеленая экономика.

Like all advanced countries, Uzbekistan is responsible for preserving the environment for future generations. Today, most economic entities do not pay enough attention to economic benefits, depletion of natural resources and prevention of environmental degradation during their activities. It creates the impression that ensuring the production of clean products requires additional costs for the business entity. Failure to comply with laws and regulations, avoiding prosecution and punishment, does not bode well for misguided managers. As a result of the lack of control of business activities, it causes negative environmental and social consequences, including atmospheric air and water pollution, biological diversity, destruction of ecosystems, which causes threats to human health. The occurrence of such situations leads to disruption of sustainable development and environmental pollution. Prevention of environmental damage is more important than compensation. Important tasks in this direction include ensuring ecological stability in the country, accelerating the transition to a "green" economy, developing renewable and alternative energy, increasing the energy efficiency of the economy, improving the health of the population by expanding the scale of waste processing and production of secondary products.

In carrying out reforms, first of all, in accordance with the Strategy of transition to a "green" economy of Uzbekistan, while consistently implementing environmental relations, the implementation and implementation of state programs of another perspective in accordance with the Concept of environmental protection in the country until 2030 is supported. The goal of the green economy project in the country is to develop measures for environmental protection and sustainable development of the economy.

In this regard, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoev - "As in the whole world, ecological problems are increasing in the country. "This is sometimes caused by natural factors, and in many cases by human beings," he said.

For example, in the last four years, the number of industrial enterprises has doubled, and the amount of dust and gas in cities has increased four times the norm. "The green spaces in the regions of our country have decreased by 3-4 times. It should be noted that the water has decreased and the underground water level has also decreased" [1].

It is to ensure ecological stability in the country and rational use of natural resources, to create decent living conditions for the population and the future generation, and to build a prosperous society through the wide implementation of the principles of green development. To eliminate the consequences of the ecological crisis, it is necessary to stabilize the country's ecological situation, preserve the environment in its entirety, ensure the rational use of land and water resources, and preserve natural resources for future generations. It is also important to drastically reduce the amount of waste released into the environment, but pay special attention to the costs associated with the elimination of harmful waste.

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "Development Strategy of New Uzbekistan for 2022-2026" was adopted. In this decree, the issues of "promotion of environmental initiatives in the international arena, including the initiative to develop the World Environmental Charter" have a special place [2].

The work on the development of the green economy in Uzbekistan was launched in October 2019, after the adoption of the "Strategy of the transition to the "green" economy of the Republic of Uzbekistan for the period 2019-2030", on the eve of the COVID-19 pandemic. This strategy envisages reducing greenhouse gas emissions by increasing energy efficiency, expanding the use of renewable energy sources, increasing resource efficiency and crop productivity, and reducing land degradation [3].

Increasing human well-being at the expense of the ecological crisis will clearly show its negative consequences in the near future [4] The only solutions to this problem are the transition to an ecological economy or a green economy.

S. Plekhanov said today it is necessary to gradually implement the transition to a "green" economy. USA, South Korea, Germany, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and other developed countries are moving to "green" economy [5].

Walter Kahlenborn in the German industry "is one of the most important factors that need a green economy, to identify markets and key innovations, as well as to carry out research and innovation policy using

the available opportunities to accelerate the transition to a green economy in Germany [6].

D. Beck, E. Nel and others, the transition to a green economy, including technological changes, are affecting the entire society. It is also necessary to develop an effective policy for optimizing the implementation of new technologies; need to be solved by applying technological changes [7].

According to the general economic approach to the definition of "green" economy by N. Vukovich, it is necessary to once again study the issues of sustainable development and implement an integrated approach. This allows us to determine the main interrelationships of ecology, economy, society and "green" economy [8]:

Karl Burkart believes that the "green" economy is a stable part of the systematic management of "ecology-economy-society" [9]. In his opinion, the "green" economy consists in providing a balance in a way that takes into account benefits in a social-ecological-economic system.

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