

Khudoyorov Lochinbek Khonnazarovich
Pedagogical Institute of Karshi State University
Lecturer at the Department of Humanities

TERRITORIAL FEATURES OF THE POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC COMPOSITION OF KASHKADARYA REGION

Annotation: Kashkadarya region is one of the most demographic regions of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The demographic situation of the region has been increasing year by year in terms of age and sex, the proportion of people of marriageable age, the large number of children, and the predominance of men in the age group between men and women. The increase in migration flows among the population of the region is directly related to the fact that people of marriageable age stay in foreign countries temporarily or permanently, which affects the demographic situation.

Keywords: Family, population, demography, Kashkadarya, region, composition, marriage, divorce, birth, death, migration, age - gender, male, female, region.

The formation of the family and its quantitative changes depend primarily on the demographic situation in society. Demographics are defined as the age and sex composition of the population, the number of marriages and divorces, births, deaths, and migration. Kashkadarya region is one of the regions in the country with a special demographic structure of families. The permanent population of Kashkadarya region as of April 1, 2020 amounted to 3225.7 thousand people, an increase of 12.7 thousand people or 0.4% compared to the beginning of the year. In particular, the urban population was 1388.6 thousand people (43.0% of the total population), the rural population was 1837.1 thousand people (57.0%). As of April, the largest population in the region was 401.7 thousand in Chirakchi district, 279.4 thousand in Kasan district, 272.1 thousand in Karshi, 85.2 thousand in Mubarek district, 137.6 thousand in Shahrisabz. 200.0 thousand people in Uzor district, 144.4 thousand people in Dehkanabad district, 266.0 thousand people in Kamashi district, 242.7 thousand people in Karshi district, 260.0 thousand people in Kitab district, 117.3 thousand people in Mirishkor district, Nishan 149.3 thousand people in Kasbi district, 192.5 thousand people in Kasbi district, 218.7 thousand people in Shahrisabz district, 258.9 thousand people in Yakkabag district. In terms of regions, the highest population growth rates compared to the corresponding period

of 2019 were 2.4% in Nishan district, 2.7% in Chirakchi district, 2.2% in Dehkanabad, 2.1% in Kasan district, 2 in Karshi district. 2,0% while the lowest growth rate was 1.5% in Karshi and 1.7% in Mubarek district. The largest population in the region is 401.7 thousand people in Chirakchi district (12.5% of the region's population), 279.4 thousand people in Kasan district (8.7%), 272.1 thousand people in Karshi(8.4%), while the minimum population was 85.2 thousand people (2.6%) in Mubarek district and 117.3 thousand people (3.6%) in Mirishkor district.

Table 1

Comparison of the number of permanent population by regions compared to the same period last year

	2019 year	2020 year	Growth or decrease rate compared to the previous year, in %
Kashkadarya region	3213,1	3280,1	102,1
Karshi city	270,7	275,0	101,6
Shakhrisabz city	137,1	139,3	101,6
districts:			
Guzar	199,2	203,4	102,1
Dehkanabad	143,8	146,9	102,2
Kamashi	264,8	270,8	102,2
Karshi	241,9	247,3	102,2
Kasan	278,3	284,4	102,2
Kitab	259,2	263,8	101,8
Mirishkar	116,8	119,1	102,1
Mubarak	84,8	86,5	102,0
Nishan	148,6	152,3	102,5
Kasbi	191,8	195,8	102,1
Chirakchi	399,8	410,2	102,6
Shakhrisabz	218,4	221,9	101,6
Yakkabog	257,9	263,3	102,1

Source: Kashkadarya regional statistics department.

The age structure of the population plays a special role in the formation of the family. Equality of the proportions of men and women in the population, ie proportionality, creates favorable conditions for their marriage and divorce

(divorce), births, deaths and migration, but always the share of men and women in society. It is not equal.

The sexual composition of young people, especially 15-19, 20-24, 25-29 age groups, plays a special role in increasing the number of families. Because the population mainly gets married at this age. In Kashkadarya region, the total number of births in 2019 was 62,292, of which 29,526 were girls and 32,766 were boys. The highest birth rates are among parents of the above age groups.

As of January 1, 2018, the average age of the population of Kashkadarya region is 27.2 for women, 26.2 for men, the total average age is 26.7, the average age of women in the urban population is 28.2, 27.2 for men. , the total average age was 27.7 years, the average age of the rural population was 26.4 years for women, 25.5 years for men, and the average age of the total rural population was 26.0 years. According to the State Statistics Committee, the population of Kashkadarya region in 2010-2018 decreased by 9.4% in the 10-14 age group, and by 12.5% in the 15-19 age group.

These figures can also be seen in the gender composition of the population in these age groups. In other words, the number of women in the 10-14 age group decreased by 9.6%, the number of men by 9.2%, and the number of men in the 15-19 age group by 12.9% and 12.1%, respectively. The main reasons for this are that during these years, not only men but also women among the active migrants in Kashkadarya region have moved to Russia, Kazakhstan, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and other countries of the world as labor force or for permanent residence. Chibs also did not fail to show their negative impact on the formation of age and gender indicators in the yudor. As a result, the rapidly growing population has shrunk. In urban and rural areas, which are considered to be the most populated areas, it can be seen that in previous years there were more people aged 10-14 and 15-19 than in the period under study.

Table 2

Gender structure of the population of Kashkadarya region by age groups

		2019 year		
		General	Men's	Woman's
№	Age groups	3213300	1670916	1542384
1	0-2	205651	104545	101106
2	3-5	202437	102012	100425
3	6-7	114714	57816	56898
4	8-15	468820	240732	288088
5	16-17	138586	69712	68874

6	18-19	142772	72912	69860
7	20-24	346701	180514	166191
8	25-29	305267	159112	146155
9	30-34	246112	129152	116960
10	35-39	218975	110773	108202
11	40-49	360220	185400	174820
12	50-59	250100	127100	123000
13	60-69	103154	53872	49282
14	70 and older	109794	56542	53252

Source: Kashkadarya regional statistics department.

If the proportion of young people in the population, ie in the age group of 20-29, is high, it will lead to the emergence of new families and an increase in the number of families. Analyzing the data of the Statistics Committee, the number of permanent population aged 20-29 in the following regions of the country increased from 6142.9 thousand in 2012 to 6280.8 thousand in 2017 or 2.2% over the past 6 years. During this period, the number of people aged 20-29 in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (5.3%), Bukhara (0.3%), Navoi (0.5%), Kashkadarya (3.0%), Tashkent regions (3.4%) and in Tashkent (10.2%). All this has affected the migration of the republic to the world as a labor force, not only in Kashkadarya region, but also in neighboring regions. In this case, the above regions have become active participants in the migration process, which is in the final stages of demographic processes when it comes to the age of marriage and demographic processes (marriage, birth). Therefore, if we analyze by years, since 2015 in Kashkadarya region began to decrease the number of permanent residents aged 20-29 (in 2018 their number in the region decreased by 0.5% compared to 2015, and by 0.7% compared to 2016).

Table 3

Distribution of permanent population by cities and villages by regions (as of January 1, 2020, per thousand people)

Regions	city	village
Karshi c.	275,0	0
Shakhrisabz c.	139,3	0
districts:		

Guzar	47,8	155,6
Dehkanabad	27,8	119,0
Kamashi	64,2	206,6
Karshi	90,5	156,8
Kasan	145,9	132,4
Kitab	96,7	162,5
Mirishkor	44,0	72,8
Mubarak	67,3	17,5
Nishan	90,2	58,4
Kasbi	73,8	117,9
Chirakchi	95,1	304,7
Shakhrisabz	52,4	165,9
Yakkabog	83,8	174,1

Source: Based on data from the Kashkadarya Regional Statistics Department.

In Kashkadarya region, the share of the population living in rural areas is high due to the high population and gender. As of October 1, 2019, the total population of Kashkadarya region was 3261.4 thousand people, of which 1403.3 thousand people were urban residents and the remaining 1858.1 thousand people were rural residents. The population of Karshi is 275.0 thousand people as of 2020. There are currently 62 neighborhood assemblies across the city.

The population of Kashkadarya region is mainly Uzbeks (91.2%), but also Tajiks, Turkmens, Russians, Kazakhs, Ukrainians, Azerbaijanis, Koreans, Kyrgyz, Turks, Ukrainians, Belarusians and others. The average population density is 114.7 people per km². The urban population is 1403.3 thousand people and the rural population is 1858.1 thousand people.

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