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**ВАЖНОСТЬ ТРУДОВЫХ ТРАДИЦИЙ В ПРОЦЕССЕ  
ПОВЫШЕНИЯ МОЛОДЕЖНОЙ АКТИВНОСТИ**

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*Аннотация: В статье дается всестороннее понимание того факта, что социальная активность, традиции работы, традиции, традиции и традиции*

*древних традиций стали одним из важнейших инструментов воспитания молодого поколения в духе человечества.*

*Ключевые слова: Трудовых традиций, социальной активность, гуляния дыня, михрган, облобарака, виноградное гуляния, хашар, Навруз.*

**THE IMPORTANCE OF LABOR TRADITIONS IN THE PROCESS OF  
INCREASING YOUTH ACTIVITY**

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*Annotation: The article provides a comprehensive understanding of the fact that social activity, work traditions, traditions, traditions and traditions of ancient traditions have become one of the most important tools for educating the young generation in the spirit of humanity.*

*Key words: Labor traditions, social activity, celebration melon, mikhrgan, Oblobaraka, grape celebrations, hashar, Navruz.*

There are nations or peoples in the world that are all known have undergone a stage of development and have formed their own culture and mentality. The mentality and culture are reflected in the rituals, customs and traditions of the people. Because along with the process of formation of each nation, unique and appropriate national-ethnic traditions, customs, ceremonies and celebrations and festivals are formed and developed. They find content in the form of an important link in people's lifestyles. Traditions, customs and rituals are the way of life of people, their upbringing and plays an important

role in vital activities. As shown above factors play a major role in the socialization or integration of people.

It should be noted that the Uzbek people have acted collectively in the performance of various historically formed ceremonies. This has evoked a sense of mutual respect, kindness and brotherhood among people, especially young people. The participation of young people in various ceremonies increased their friendly meetings and enabled them to become more socially active. Traditions and traditions that have been preserved for centuries and have a social significance have played an important role in increasing the social activity of young people, and they have not lost their relevance today. In this regard, labor and labor are among the traditions that have a widespread national character among the Uzbek people

From the above it is clear that the Uzbek people have traditions, customs and ceremonies were held in all seasons. The participation of young people in the implementation of these traditions has served to increase their social activism. So, based on the above source, we can see that most of the ceremonies performed by our people were labor-related traditions, or in other words, labor traditions. It should be noted that today young people are brought up in a new spirit, their to inculcate the ideas of national independence in the minds of our ancestors. Understanding the essence of national traditions, explaining them more deeply, especially to young people, is one of the effective means of enriching the ideology of national independence among the general public in the widespread promotion of the values and traditions created by the people. It is well known that national traditions emphasize the greatness of the people, its value and diligence, freedom, loyalty to friendship, to other peoples. Respect, love for the Motherland; reflects characteristics such as hatred of the enemy. The labor traditions of the people - humanity, teamwork, and humility, hospitality and respect for the elderly, other positive qualities that have become a tradition among the working people for centuries, are embodied in our youth.

We can therefore point to labor traditions as the most important means of increasing youth activism. This means that the national labor traditions of our people, which have existed for centuries, contribute to the formation of positive qualities such as the spirituality of the younger generation, a high level of consciousness, worldview, diligence and character. Another such tradition is hashar: Hashar, which has long been a tradition, was held with the participation of the community. There are several types of hashar, such as hashar, which are carried out within the framework of community work, neighborhood, kinship, and so on. In the spring of next year, on the eve of Navruz, it has become a tradition to clean up public places, that is, to plant trees and shrubs, to whitewash and whitewash. Collective work or hashar is widely used in all cities and villages of Uzbekistan. With the construction and repair work of the community hashar, digging ditches, cleaning them, building and repairing mosques, cleaning graves and other works, a large hashar was started and completed in a great spirit. Among them are Fergana, Northern Fergana, Tashkent canals, Bekabad, Kattakurgan reservoir and others.

Hashar is often used in field work, building a house, raising a yard wall, a wedding widely used in hashams. The people mentioned in the hashar must come which was. The man, who could not come for an excuse, cooked a meal for the neighbor who was having a hashar. The family hashar was often carried out with the participation of relatives in the restoration of the building.

Hashar mahalla and village community unite citizens, encourage them to be friendly and cohesive. So, the national labor traditions of our people, which have passed the test of history, reflect the good qualities in human relations, truly national, universal values. Such labor traditions also reflect the ancient roots of the national spirit and spirituality of the peoples of our country. Traditions of labor formed and developed over the centuries include devotion to the Motherland, respect for the elderly, care for parents, orphans, the elderly, hard work, kinship and mutual assistance, protection of family honor, women's

honor, remembrance of long-lost loved ones. embodied traditions of a social nature.

For centuries, the ancient labor traditions of the Uzbek people have been one of the most important means of educating the younger generation in the spirit of high human perfection. This is the main factor that ensures the universality of our traditions. Labor traditions are distinguished by their deep meaning, cheerfulness, inviting young people to goodness, solemnity, diversity, beauty and spirituality. Meaningful and influential traditions, as an integral part of our system of national values, have always encouraged young people and enriched national culture and everyday life.

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