EFFECTIVE AUDIT STRATEGIES IN A CHANGING BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

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Abstract: This article examines the importance of effective audit strategies in a changing business environment. Particular attention is paid to the role of auditors in identifying and managing risks, as well as collecting information to optimize audit processes.

Аннотация:В данной статье рассматривается важность эффективных стратегий аудита в меняющейся бизнес-среде. Особое внимание уделено роли аудиторов в выявлении и управлении рисками, а также сборе информации для оптимизации аудиторских процессов.

Ключевые слова: тенденции, экономическая среда, технологические инновации, роль аудиторов, идентификация рисков, анализ, оптимизация аудита, преодоление препятствий, эффективные стратегии.

Key words: trends, economic environment, technological innovation, role of auditors, risk identification, analysis, audit optimization, overcoming obstacles, effective, strategies.

Introduction: The modern business environment is constantly changing under the influence of economic, technological and regulatory factors. An important tool in this process is audit – a process that helps assess the effectiveness of business processes, identify risks and ensure financial transparency.

The purpose of this article is to review the current challenges faced by companies in a rapidly changing business environment and propose effective audit strategies to successfully overcome these challenges. The article examines the role of audit in adapting to change and provides specific methods and approaches that audit firms and businesses can use to improve their performance and manage risk. Analysis and recommendations for businesses and audit firms are the main aspects discussed in the article.

Main part: An audit allows you to identify the strengths and weaknesses of an organization and create a basis for studying the financial position of an

enterprise in order to solve problems of preventing administrative liability. A mature manager fully understands the need for reviews and usually insists on them being carried out without delay. The results of the inspection and the future activities of the company directly depend on the level of knowledge, professional skills and qualifications of the inspecting employees. This is because auditing standards give them wide discretion. Globalization and international competition: The expansion of international markets and the development of communication technologies are increasingly globalizing the business environment. Companies face increasing competitive pressure at global and regional levels. Financial risks and market volatility, economic crises, financial instability and political instability create additional challenges for companies in managing financial risks and ensuring stability.

Auditors must be especially alert to these changes to adapt their audit strategies and techniques to the new challenges facing their clients in today's economic environment while assessing the overall monetary objectives necessary for the existence and successful development of the enterprise.

The role of auditors in identifying and managing risks:

Auditors play an important role in identifying and managing risks for companies. Below are the main aspects of their work:

Assessing internal control systems: Auditors evaluate companies' internal control systems to identify weaknesses and vulnerabilities that could lead to risk.

➢ Financial statement analysis: Auditors analyze companies' financial statements in detail to identify possible errors, fraud, or noncompliance with regulatory requirements.

> Developing a risk management strategy: Based on audit results, auditors help companies develop effective risk management strategies, including recommendations for improving internal control systems and procedures.

Currently, most financial scientists believe that the main monetary goal of an enterprise as an economic entity is to increase the value of capital or, in extreme cases, to maximize net profit, which is an integral part of the system that ensures reliability. financial reporting and helps them effectively manage their activities in a volatile business environment. Modern technology allows audit firms and companies to use data and analysis to perform audit procedures more efficiently and accurately. A comparative analysis of the concepts and performance of accounting systems in different countries is presented by Harald Hungenberg, Ph.D., Head of the Institute of Enterprise Planning, Professor of Business Economics at the Justus Liebig University in Giessen and the Technical University of Berlin, and Harald Hungenberg, Professor of Business Economics at the Friedrich Alexander University of Erlangen -Nuremberg, made it possible to develop the concepts of modified cost-based planning, suitable for enterprises operating only in the domestic market or in international markets, and move to international accounting standards. newbies.

"Strategy" is given in the works of R. A. Fatkhutdinov, according to which "strategy is a program, plan, general course of a management entity to achieve strategic goals in any field of activity."

The audit strategy is critical to the success of the audit engagement. According to ISA 300, a good audit strategy should have the following important values:

How to determine an audit strategy? In the audit strategy, the auditor must define the characteristics of the engagement and determine the scope of the audit. This is a very important point before starting the next job. For example, auditing client financial statements based on international auditing standards and client financial statements prepared on a US GAAP basis. The auditor should also determine the reporting objectives of the audit engagement to determine the timing of the audit and the nature of the information required. For example, the audit report is required by the parent company and is not published online. Part of the audit strategy is for auditors to identify or define the key factors or key areas of the audit engagement.

Thus, the concept of strategy is multifaceted and includes the target component of the long-term development of the organization, a program and comprehensive plan, resource provision, sufficient structure, a system of relations within the organization and interaction with the external environment.

Use of analytical tools: Auditors can use analytical tools to further analyze companies' financial information and identify potential risks. Using big data: Collecting and analyzing large amounts of data allows auditors to gain a more complete picture of companies and their environment, which helps identify hidden risks and trends. Overall use of data and analysis. allows auditors to analyze companies' financial information more deeply and accurately, identify risks in advance and develop effective strategies for managing them, which helps improve the quality of the audit and improve risk management in the organization.

Summary: In today's dynamic business environment, effective auditing plays a critical role in ensuring sustainable development of companies and minimizing risks. This article explores the key aspects of using data and analytics to overcome barriers to audit optimization and implementing effective strategies.

In conclusion, successful implementation of effective audit strategies requires not only the use of modern technology and analytical tools, but also active management support, flexibility in approaches to changing company processes and culture, and continuous training and development of employees.

An important aspect of justifying the development strategy of a commercial organization for its implementation is the forecast of business prospects and an adequate assessment of the reality of the chosen development strategy. Despite the large amount of scientific and educational literature in the field of strategic development. management (management), strategic planning and even strategic accounting, strategic control and issues of organizing strategic audit remain poorly developed. The research conducted as part of this work allows us to draw the following main conclusions, which, in turn, may be important for the further development of the methodology for strategic control and audit of commercial organizations.

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